

Regional strength



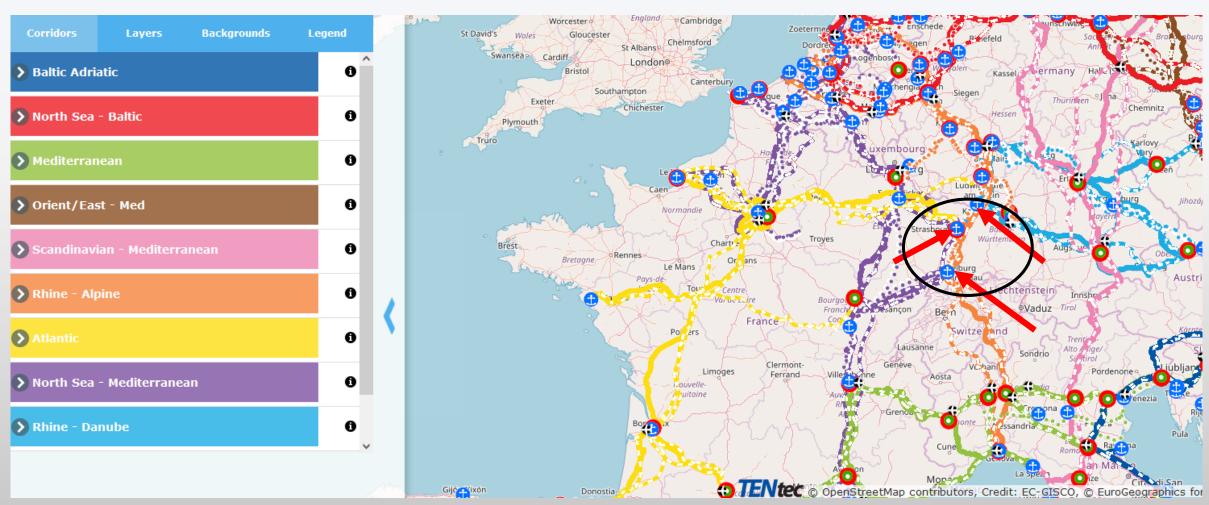


- ✓ High research and innovation competences in the region
- ✓ Large human resources of well-educated young people (approx. 2000/year)
- ✓ Dense transnational research and innovation network (over 300 companies in the network)
- ✓ Best legal framework through the Aachen Treaty (experimentation clause)
- ✓ Industrial cluster in the Basel Mulhouse Chalampé Karlsruhe region (Wörth)
- ✓ Rhine as a transport corridor with port loading and unloading capacities.
- ✓ TN Transport Corridors Alpine-Rhine (Rotterdam-Genoa), Northsea-Mediterranean (Rotterdam-Marseille), Danube-Black Sea (Strasbourg-Black Sea) and Atlantic (Strasbourg-Paris-Spain).
- ✓ European gas pipeline from Amsterdam/Rotterdam and Mena countries to the Upper Rhine
- ✓ European electricity grid (Fessenheim connection)
- ✓ First European model for the transition to sustainability after the closure of a nuclear power plant in France



European transport corridors

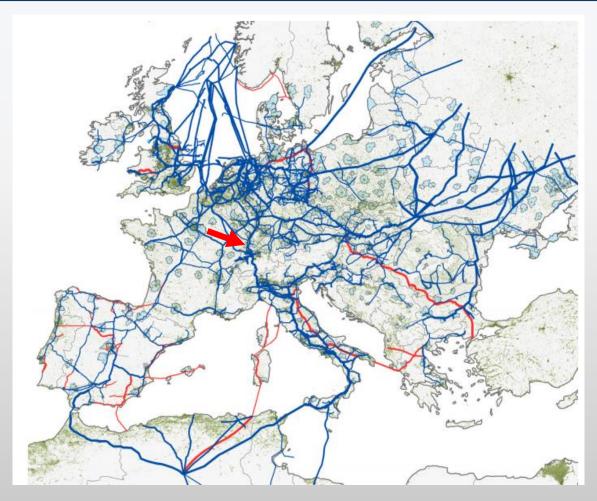




https://ec.europa.eu/transport/infrastructure/tentec/tentec-portal/map/maps.html

European pipe transmission





Energy post by Karel Beckmann 2015

Technical potential for RE production





URR	Population in 2019*	Final Energy Demand in 2016 in MWh/capita**	Energy Demand in URR in MWh/yr***	Energy Demand in URR in TWh/yr***
Switzerland	1.507.718	49	73.878.182	73,88
Germany	2.858.606	26	74.323.756	74,32
France	1.888.480	34	64.208.320	64,21
Total	6.254.804		212.410.258	212,41

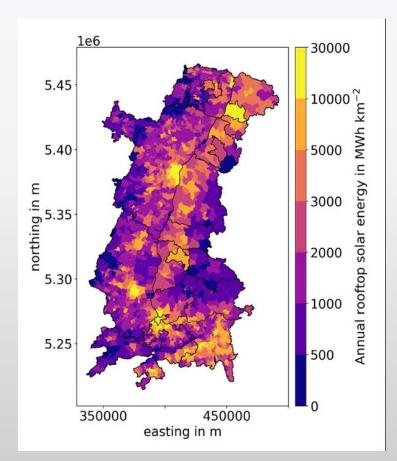
RE Source	Annual Potential (in TWh/yr)		
Wind	128,0		
Solar PV Rooftops	52,2		
Solar PV Agro	91,5		
Solar PV GM	68,0		
Biomass	5,2		
Hydropower	13,6		

~358TWh /year

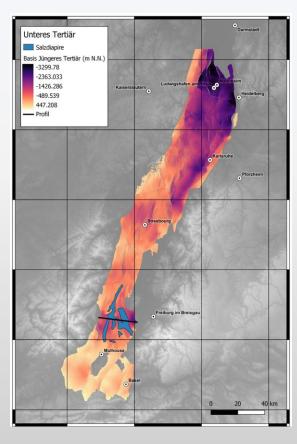
Potential for RE production and storage





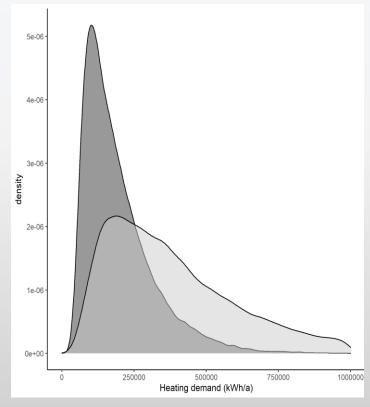


Distribution of the roof area potential



Geological storage capacity

11 TWh on the Upper Rhine.

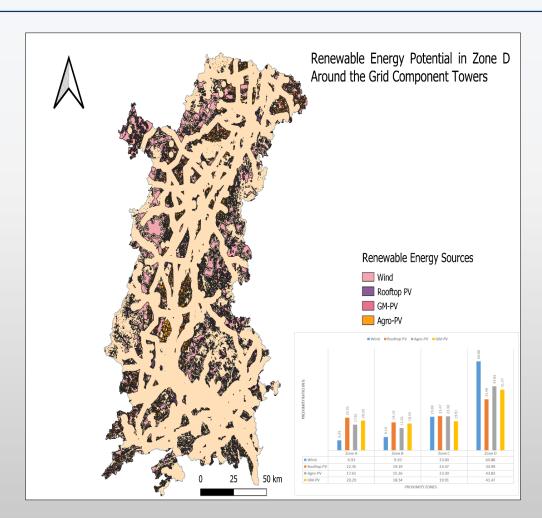


Half of the heat demand can be achieved through near-surface Geothermal energy

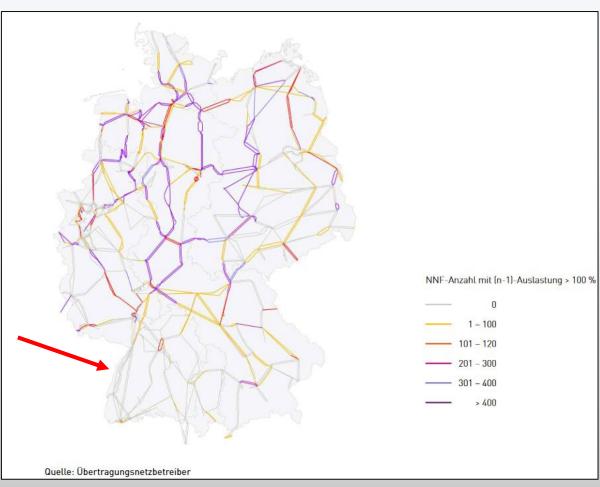
Net capacities for RE production







2 km distance to the nearest connector



Frequency of the maximum load in the start network in case of failure of a network element

Concept: Fessenheim Innovation Region

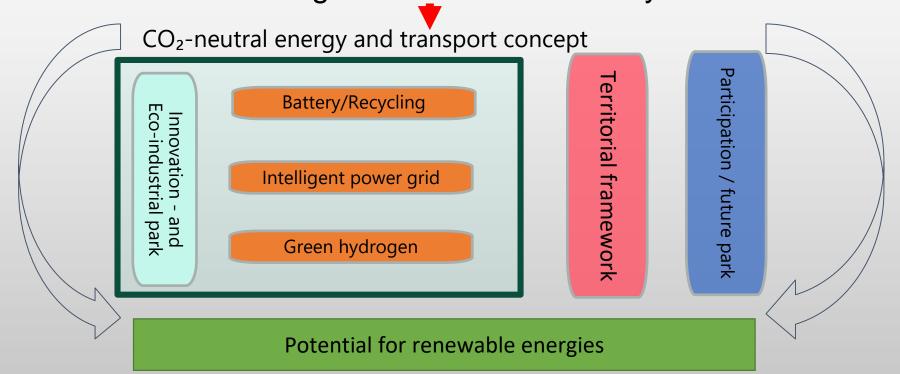






Projet de Territoire and potential analyses

European demonstration model (Living Lab) for social and technological change towards sustainability



Structure of the study







Competence Group 1
Lead: University
of Freiburg

Green Batteries and Circular Economy

Sub-groups

- Second life batteries on the grid
- Batteries, economic effects
- Green batteries
- Battery recycling alternatives



Competence Group 2 Lead:

Green

Hydrogen

KIT

Sub-groups

- Production
- Distribution
- Use



Competence Group 3 **Lead:**

UHA

Smart Grids

Sub-groups

- Neighbourhood models
- Network stability, e-mobility
- Network modernisation



Competence Group 4

Lead: Unistra

Territorial Framework

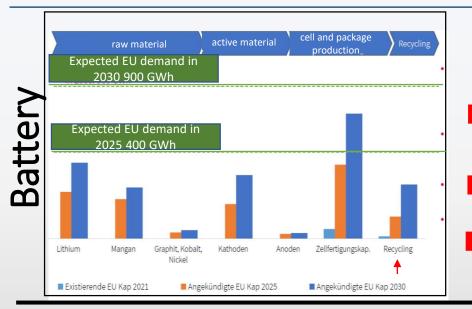
Sub-groups

- Social acceptability
- Environmental impact
- Territorial metabolism
- Legal framework

Proposal: Pilotproject for 3 Innovation hubs







Second life EV Batteries
Qualification Utility

Facility for Batterie Recycling

Battery Materials Factory

Constitute Subsequents Acceptance Subsequents Acceptance Subsequents Subsequen

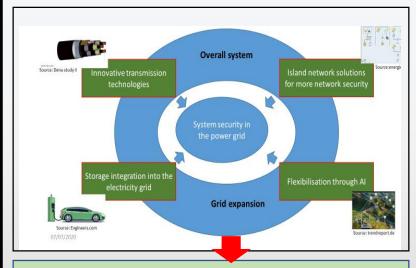
Elektrolyser > 20 MW

Storage/Virtual pipeline

Defilling- and Refilling station

H₂ Prosumer Farm/Biomass

Smart Grid



- Smart city quarters
 Muhlhouse/Karlsruhe
- Electricity net simulation regional to european
- E-mobility charging concept

Territorial framework





Begleitforschung



Stand und Entwicklung Vergleich Aachener Vertrag Smart legal systems

Wienerzeitung.at



Vorsorgende Umweltstudien LCA CO₂ und Ressourceneinsparung

Europa.eu



Ethik Gerechtigkeit Partizipation Akzeptanz

BMI.de



BMU.de

Modelle Analysen Prognosen

Réseaux intelligents / Smart Grid

STRENGHTS

Acceptability linked to intelligent management of energy consumption:

• Depends on level of information

• Need for a data use charter

· Comfort of use / ergonomics

("intuitiveness" of use)

• Human/machine interface

· Control of the bill

OPPORTUNITIES

Level of confidence

Appropriateness:

· Energy savings: positive environmental impact

WEAKNESSES

Individual perception of risk related to:

- Radiation / waves
- · Tracking of users and uses
- · Computer hacking
- Fear of bugs
- Electricity theft
- · Control of personal data (e.g. of their home)

Lack of intelligibility in the data use charter

THREATS

Perception of the risk related to

- Cybersecurity
- · Industrial espionage

Increased energy needs

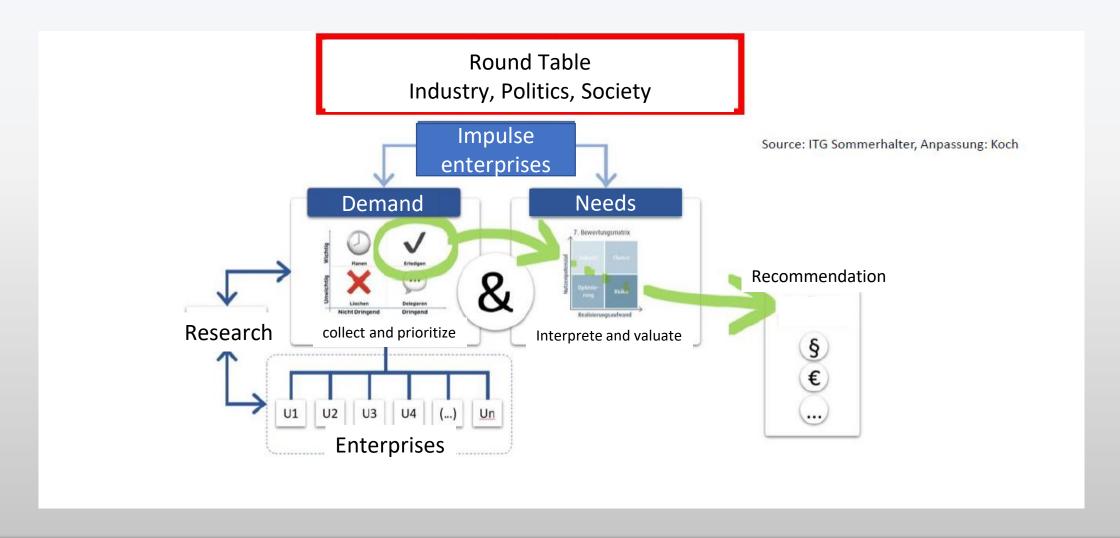
Synthese und Übertragbarkeit auf andere Regionen

Koch 2022

Strategy of Implementation







Reference Interreg funding



Framing by Interreg Projects

Examples:

- Demand studies?
- Which areas or industrial sites are available for the pilots?
- > Traffic connections at loading and unloading stations?
- How can hydrogen producers and consumers find each other?
- How expensive will it be to switch to hydrogen at consumer and distributer site?
- What are the legal hurdles for cross-border battery recycling facilities?
- How can the population be involved in the planning process?
- What are the possibilities for complementary funding?
- Promotion of large-scale applications to the EC?

Reports on Innovationregion Upper Rhine





https://www.sustainability-upperrhine.info

Media – News

https://www.eucor-uni.org

Feasibility Study



